

AMENDMENT OF
SOLICITATION/CONTRACT (AGREEMENT)

1. AMENDMENT OF: SOLICITATION CONTRACT (AGREEMENT)

SOLICITATION/CONTRACT NUMBER REZC-09-001-12-016	AMENDMENT NUMBER Two (2)	CONTRACT CONTROL NO. (If Applicable)
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2. IF A SOLICITATION AMENDMENT

Refer to Section I "Instructions to Offerors" on reverse of this form and the following as indicated:

a. The time and date specified for receipt of proposals is:

Not extended

Extended until (local time at place of receipt of proposals)

Hour _____ Date _____

_____ M, _____

b. The above solicitation is modified as set forth in Block 4 below.

3. IF A CONTRACT AMENDMENT

Refer to Section II "Instructions to Contractors" on reverse of this form and the following as indicated:

a. The expiration date of the above CONTRACT is changed:

FROM _____ TO _____

b. The above CONTRACT is:

Not further modified.

Modified as set forth in Block 4 below.

4. DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT.

PN: 0330-10-000001, Main Store Image Upgrade at FT Myer, VA.

a. Amendment #1 is rescinded. Exchange Form 7350-003 entitled "Electronic Payment Authorization" (Rev JAN 11) was attached in error. This is NOT a required submission with the proposal.

b. Responses to Questions/Clarifications and approved substitution are attached (Attachment 1, one page).

c. Page 6 of AAFES Form 4450-24 is hereby deleted and replaced with the attached Page 6 of AAFES Form 4450-24. (Attachment 2, one page.)

d. Form W-9, Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification, is hereby deleted and replaced with the attached Form W-9, Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification, (rev. 12-2011). (Attachment 3, four pages)

e. Exchange Form 4450-045 is hereby deleted and replaced with the attached Exchange Form 4450-045 (Rev Apr 12). (Attachment 4, two pages).

f. The date and time for receipt of proposals remains unchanged at 14 June 2012 @ 1:00 PM (CST)

g. Receipt of this amendment must be acknowledged in accordance with the instructions on page 2 of this form.

//////////////////////////////////////LAST ITEM//////////////////////////////////////

IN ALL OTHER RESPECTS, THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SOLICITATION/CONTRACT, AS AMENDED, REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT.

SIGNATURES

5. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OFFEROR/CONTRACTOR (Street, City, County, State, and Zip Code)	6. ISSUED BY Army and Air Force Exchange Service Attn: REZC (Tommy Hodge) 3911 S. Walton Walker Blvd. Dallas, TX 75236
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SIGNATURE OF PERSON AUTHORIZED TO SIGN	DATE	SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTING OFFICER <i>Tommy G. Hodge, Sr.</i>	DATE 7 JUN 2012
TYPED OR PRINTED NAME AND TITLE		TYPED OR PRINTED NAME OF CONTRACTING OFFICER Tommy G. Hodge, Sr., CFCM	

SECTION I

Instructions to Offerors -- Amendment of Solicitation. The following instructions apply unless specified otherwise in an Exchange letter accompanying this amendment.

a. Offerors must acknowledge receipt of this amendment prior to the hour and date specified for receipt of proposals in the original solicitation, or the hour and date specified in this amendment if such has been amended. Offeror must acknowledge by one of the following means:

- (1) By signing and returning all except one copy of this amendment.
- (2) By acknowledging receipt of this amendment on each copy of the proposal submitted;
- (3) By separate letter or telegram which includes a reference to the solicitation and amendment number.

b. Proposals must be based upon and refer to the solicitation as amended. Unless an acknowledgment of this amendment is received by the contracting officer before the hour and date specified for receipt of proposals, offeror's proposal may be considered nonresponsive.

c. If you desire to revise a proposal previously submitted, such revision must be received prior to the hour and date specified for receipt of proposals enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed to the issuing office, with the name and address of the offeror and the solicitation number on the face of the envelope. Telegraphic proposals will not be considered unless authorized by the solicitation; however, proposals may be modified by telegraphic notice provided such notice is received prior to the time set for receipt of proposals. Telegraphic modifications should not reveal the amount of the original or of the revised proposal.

SECTION II

Instructions to Contractor -- Amendment of Contract.

Unless otherwise instructed, all except one copy of this amendment are to be executed by the person authorized to bind the firm contractually and returned to the contracting officer. The effective date will be the date the amendment is signed in block 6 by the contracting officer or the date(s) indicated in block 4, whichever is later.

Amendment #2
Questions and Answers

1. Question Drawings A3.0 thru A5.0 indicate new masonry walls. The specification states Division 4 Masonry not used. Please supply the masonry specifications.

ANSWER See Attachment #5 for Specification Section 04 20 00 – Unit Masonry.

2. Question The solicitation states the project has 226 days for completion. Drawings T1.3 shows the 226 duration MINUS 49 days for the holiday season leave only 177 days for the project. Please clarify the working duration of the project.

ANSWER The overall construction period for this project is 226 days, which includes the no work period starting on 16 November 2012 and ending on 2 January 2013.

3. Question Specification Section 01 10 60 1.4.A.1 requires a Safety Representative must be on-site at all times. May this person also be the Superintendent?

ANSWER The superintendent may fill both positions. However, General Contractor will need to provide documentation showing this individual meets the minimum qualifications for the Safety Representation position.

4. Question Specification Section 01 33 10 1.3.B states that if a time extension is given for adverse weather conditions it will be at no cost to AAFES. As section 01 10 00 1.3A indicates 24/7 work schedule there is obviously cost for having three shifts of labor on a stand-by delay. Please clarify the time extension section.

ANSWER The 24/7 work schedule is not a requirement of the contract. The 24/7 work schedule is included for the General Contractors benefit in case it is needed to meet a phase completion date and/or final completion date. The Exchange expects all phases (Drawing Sheet T1.3) to be completed within the time period shown on the drawings. This is an option available to the General Contractor to keep the project on schedule and make up for any lost time incurred. The Exchange anticipates construction work can be completed in a normal construction work day. However, Drawing Sheet T1.3 provides elements of work that must be completed after normal business hours. As provided in Specification Section 01 10 00 1.3, any work performed after the normal business hours must be coordinated and approved.

Solicitation/Proposal/Award (Construction)

CONTENTS OF SOLICITATION/CONTRACT

This solicitation and any resulting contract consisting of AAFES Form 4450-24, Solicitation/Proposal/Award (Contract for Construction), pages 1 through 8 and the exhibits designated as follows:

- EXHIBIT A General Provisions, Contract for Construction (REV May 11), Clauses 1 through 84. (36-Pages)
- EXHIBIT B Drawings - Project No. 0330-10-000001; Dated 11 April 2012
- EXHIBIT C Specification For Project No. 0330-10-000001; Dated 11 April 2012
- EXHIBIT D Department of Labor Wage Rate Decision No. VA120097, dated 06 April 2012. (8-Pages)
- EXHIBIT E Notice of Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Employment Opportunity (Executive Order 11246), 1 page.
- EXHIBIT F Alterations for Project No. 0330-10-000001. (3-Pages)
- EXHIBIT G Technical Evaluation Criteria. (2-Pages)
- EXHIBIT H Asbestos Survey Report for Project No. 0330-10-000001, dated 25 February 2012. (64-Pages)
- EXHIBIT I Equipment Cut Sheets. (314-Pages)

PROPOSAL

Offerors shall enter in the space below a Total Lump Sum Cost Proposal.

TOTAL LUMP SUM COST PROPOSAL _____

The offeror must furnish the following itemized work division cost break-out, and break-out of total labor and total material, with the proposal or furnish it if and when required by the contracting officer.

DIV NO.	DIVISION TITLE	PROPOSED (\$) COST	DIV NO.	DIVISION TITLE	PROPOSED (\$) COST
1	General Requirements		15 thru 20	Sections Not Used	
2	Existing Conditions		21	Fire Suppression	
3	Concrete		22	Plumbing	
4	Masonry		23	HVAC	
5	Metals		24 & 25	Not Used	
6	Wood & Plastics		26	Electrical	
7	Moisture Protection		27	Communications	
8	Doors, Windows, Glass		28	Electronic Safety and Security	
9	Finishes		29 thru 33	Not Used	
10	Specialties				
11	Equipment				
12 thru 14	Sections Not Used				

Total Labor Breakout: _____

Total Material Breakout: _____

In the event of conflict between the total lump sum cost proposal and either the total of the labor and material break-outs or the total of itemized work division break-out, the total lump sum cost proposal will control.

Form **W-9**
(Rev. December 2011)
Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

**Give Form to the
requester. Do not
send to the IRS.**

Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.	Name (as shown on your income tax return)	
	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above	
	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/sole proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> C Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> S Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Trust/estate <input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶ _____	
	<input type="checkbox"/> Exempt payee	
	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
City, state, and ZIP code		
List account number(s) here (optional)		

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on the "Name" line to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

Social security number								
			-			-		

Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Employer identification number								
			-					

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

- The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
- I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and
- I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.

Sign Here

Signature of
U.S. person ▶

Date ▶

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
- Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,
- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS a percentage of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Partnership, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA) name" on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Disregarded entity. Enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. The name of the entity entered on the "Name" line should never be a disregarded entity. The name on the "Name" line must be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income will be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a domestic owner, the domestic owner's name is required to be provided on the "Name" line. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, you must complete an appropriate Form W-8.

Note. Check the appropriate box for the federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on the "Name" line (Individual/sole proprietor, Partnership, C Corporation, S Corporation, Trust/estate).

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the person identified on the "Name" line is an LLC, check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification in the space provided. If you are an LLC that is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes, enter "P" for partnership. If you are an LLC that has filed a Form 8832 or a Form 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If you are an LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulation section 301.7701-3 (except for employment and excise tax), do not check the LLC box unless the owner of the LLC (required to be identified on the "Name" line) is another LLC that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. If the LLC is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the appropriate tax classification of the owner identified on the "Name" line.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Exempt Payee

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt payee" box in the line following the "Business name/disregarded entity name," sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),
 2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities,
 3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
 4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
 5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:
6. A corporation,
 7. A foreign central bank of issue,
 8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States,
 9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
 10. A real estate investment trust,
 11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,
 12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),
 13. A financial institution,
 14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
 15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 9
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 5 and 7 through 13. Also, C corporations.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 5.
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7 ²

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4 indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on the "Name" line must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt Payee* on page 3.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 3, below, and items 4 and 5 on page 4.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner ¹
5. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
9. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
10. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulation section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

*Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

ARMY AND AIR FORCE EXCHANGE SERVICE PROPOSAL BOND (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE)					DATE BOND EXECUTED (MUST NOT BE LATER THAN DATE SET FOR RECEIPT OF PROPOSALS)	
PRINCIPAL (Legal Name and Business Address)					TYPE OF ORGANIZATION ("X" ONE)	
					<input type="checkbox"/> INDIVIDUAL <input type="checkbox"/> PARTNERSHIP <input type="checkbox"/> JOINT VENTURE <input type="checkbox"/> CORPORATION	
SURETY(IES) (Name(s) and Business Address(es))					STATE OF INCORPORATION	
PENAL SUM OF BOND					PROPOSAL DATE	SOLICITATION NUMBER
AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED						
PERCENT OF PROPOSAL PRICE:	MILLION(s)	THOUSAND(s)	HUNDRED(s)	CENTS		
%						
<p>OBLIGATION: We, the Principal and Surety(ies) are firmly bound to the Army and Air Force Exchange Service (hereinafter called Exchange) and the United States of America in the above penal sum. For the payment of the penal sum, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and successors jointly and severally. However, where the Sureties are corporations acting as co-sureties, we, the Sureties, bind ourselves in such sum "jointly and severally" as well as "severally" only for the purpose of allowing a joint action or actions against any or all of us. For all other purposes, each Surety binds itself, jointly and severally with the Principal, for the payment of the sum shown opposite the name of the Surety. If no limit of liability is indicated, the limit of liability is the full amount of the penal sum.</p> <p>CONDITIONS: The Principal has submitted the proposal identified above.</p> <p>THEREFORE: The above obligation is void if the Principal - (a) upon receipt of the "Notice of Intent to Award" within the period specified in the proposal [sixty (60) days if no period is specified], executes the further contractual documents and gives the bond(s) required by the terms of the proposal within the time specified [ten (10) days if no period is specified]; or (b) in the event of failure to execute such further contractual documents and give such bonds, pay Exchange for cost of procuring the work which exceeds the amount of the proposal.</p> <p>Each Surety executing this instrument agrees that its obligation is not impaired by any extension(s) of the time for acceptance of the proposal that the Principal may grant to Exchange. Notice to the Surety(ies) of extension(s) are waived. However, waiver of the notice applies only to extensions aggregating not more than sixty (60) calendar days in addition to the period originally allowed for acceptance of the proposal.</p> <p>WITNESS: The Principal and Surety(ies) executed this proposal bond and affixed their seals on the above date.</p>						
PRINCIPAL						
SIGNATURE(s)	1. _____ (Seal)		2. _____ (Seal)		CORPORATE SEAL	
TYPED NAME(s) & TITLE(s)	1. _____		2. _____			
CORPORATE SURETY						
NAME AND ADDRESS				STATE OF INC	LIABILITY LIMIT	
SIGNATURE(s)	1. _____		2. _____		CORPORATE SEAL	
TYPED NAME(s) AND TITLE(s)	1. _____		2. _____			

INSTRUCTIONS

1. The full legal name and business address of the Principal shall be inserted in the space designated "Principal" on the face of this form. The bond shall be signed by an authorized person. Where such person is signing in a representative capacity (e.g., an attorney-in-fact), but is not a member of the firm, partnership, or joint venture, or an officer of the corporation involved, evidence of his authority must be furnished.
2. The penal sum of the bond may be expressed as a percentage of the proposal price, if desired. In such cases, a maximum dollar limitation may be stipulated (e.g., 20% of the proposal price but the amount not to exceed____dollars). The penal sum of the bond may not be less than 20% of the proposal price.
3. Corporation executing the bond as sureties must be among those appearing on the Treasury Department's list of approved sureties and must be acting within the limitations set forth therein.
4. Corporations executing the bond shall affix their corporate seals.
5. The name of each person signing this performance bond should be typed in the space provided.

SECTION 04 20 00**UNIT MASONRY****PART 1 - GENERAL**

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Concrete masonry units.
2. Face brick.
3. Mortar and grout.
4. Steel reinforcing bars.
5. Masonry joint reinforcement.
6. Ties and anchors.
7. Miscellaneous masonry accessories.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Net-Area Compressive Strengths of Structural Unit Masonry: As indicated.
- B. Determine net-area compressive strength of masonry by unit-strength method.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated on Drawings.
- B. Shop Drawings: For the following:
 1. Masonry Units: Show sizes, profiles, coursing, and locations of special shapes.
 2. Reinforcing Steel: Detail bending and placement of unit masonry reinforcing bars. Comply with ACI 315, "Details and Detailing of Concrete Reinforcement." Show elevations of reinforced walls.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type and color of the following:
 1. Face brick in the form of straps of five or more bricks.
 2. Special brick shapes.
- D. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- E. Material Certificates: For each type and size of the following:
 1. Masonry units.
 - a. Include data on material properties.
 - b. For brick, include size-variation data verifying that actual range of sizes falls within specified tolerances.

- c. For exposed brick, include test report for efflorescence according to ASTM C 67.
 - d. For masonry units used in structural masonry, include data and calculations establishing average net-area compressive strength of units.
2. Cementitious materials. Include brand, type, and name of manufacturer.
 3. Grout mixes. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
 4. Reinforcing bars.
 5. Joint reinforcement.
 6. Anchors, ties, and metal accessories.
- F. Mix Designs: For each type of mortar and grout. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
1. Include test reports for mortar mixes required to comply with property specification. Test according to ASTM C 109/C 109M for compressive strength, ASTM C 1506 for water retention, and ASTM C 91 for air content.
 2. Include test reports, according to ASTM C 1019, for grout mixes required to comply with compressive strength requirement.
- G. Statement of Compressive Strength of Masonry: For each combination of masonry unit type and mortar type, provide statement of average net-area compressive strength of masonry units, mortar type, and resulting net-area compressive strength of masonry determined according to Tables 1 and 2 in ACI 530.1/ASCE 6/TMS 602.
- H. Cold-Weather and Hot-Weather Procedures: Detailed description of methods, materials, and equipment to be used to comply with requirements.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Preconstruction Testing: Owner engaged.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Concrete Masonry Units (CMUs):
1. Units made with integral water repellent for exposed units. Integral water repellent shall comply with ASTM E514.
 2. CMUs: Medium weight.
- B. Brick: Face brick shall match existing.
- C. Reinforcement: Uncoated steel reinforcing bars.
- D. Masonry Joint Reinforcement:
1. Exterior Walls: Hot-dip galvanized, carbon steel.
- E. Ties and Anchors: Galvanized steel.
1. Corrugated metal ties.

2. Individual wire ties.
 3. Adjustable anchors for connecting to structural steel framing.
 4. Adjustable anchors for connecting to concrete.
 5. Partition top anchors.
 6. Rigid anchors.
 7. Adjustable Masonry-Veneer Anchors: Screw attached or slip in.
- F. Reinforcing bar positioners.
- G. Masonry-Cell Insulation: Two-component, foamed-in-place; "R" value not less than 4.5 per inch; ASTM E-84.
1. Product: "Corefill" as manufactured by Tailored Chemical Products Inc, or other acceptable to Architect.
- H. Mortar:
1. Aggregates, cement and lime.
 2. Integral water repellent admixture shall be by same manufacturer as product used in concrete masonry unit.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Match existing masonry coursing, bonding, color, and texture.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner engaged.
- B. Inspections: Level 1 special inspections according to the "International Building Code."
- C. Testing: One set of tests for each 5000 sq. ft. (464 sq. m) of wall area.

END OF SECTION 04 20 00